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# INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

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(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR PR	EVEN	TION OF PHOTOAGING

# (57) Abstract

Methods of preventing photoaging and other types of sun damage by topically applying a composition containing a serine protease inhibitor or milk are provided. Pharmaceutical compositions comprising serine protease inhibitors or milk for the prevention of photoaging and other types of sun damage are also provided.

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# COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR PREVENTION OF PHOTOAGING

### BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

The effects of ultraviolet radiation from exposure to the sun on human skin are a growing concern for today's longer-5 lived population. The majority of changes associated with an aged appearance result from chronic sun-damage (Warren et al., J. Am. Acad. Dermatol., 1991, 25:751-760; Frances, C. and Robert, L., Int. J. Dermatol., 1984, 23:166-179). Dramatic alterations of the superficial dermis accompany the deep 10 wrinkles and laxity common in photoaged skin. The major the skin is photoaged histopathologic alteration οf accumulation of material which, on routine histopathologic examination, has the staining characteristics of elastin and is, thus, termed solar elastosis. Immunohistochemical staining 15 has shown the poorly-formed fibers comprising solar elastosis to be composed of elastin (Chen et al., J. Invest. Dermatol., 1986, 87:334-337; Mera et al., Br. J. Dermatol., 1987, 117:21-27) fibrillin (Chen et al., J. Invest. Dermatol., 1986, 87:334-337; Dahlback et al., J. Invest. Dermatol., 1990, 94:284-291; 20 Bernstein et al., J. Invest. Dermatol., 1994, 103:182-186) and versican, the normal components of elastic fibers (Zimmerman et al., J. Cell. Biol., 1994, 124:817-825). A coordinate increase in elastin, fibrillin and versican mRNAs has been demonstrated in fibroblasts derived from photodamaged skin, as compared to 25 fibroblasts derived from normal skin from the same individuals (Bernstein et al., J. Invest. Dermatol., 1994, 103:182-186). Elevated elastin mRNA levels in sun-damaged skin result from enhanced elastin promoter activity, as shown by transient transfections of fibroblasts with a DNA construct composed of 30 the human elastin promoter linked to the chloramphenicol acetyltransferase (CAT) reporter gene (Bernstein et al., J. Invest. Dermatol., 1994, 103:182-186).

Neutrophil elastase has been suggested to be an important mediator in the development of solar elastosis resulting from continued exposure to UVB (See Abstract from Ciba-Found. Symp., 1995, 192:338-46; discussion 346-7). Using an elastase-deficient hairless mouse model and specific small molecular weight elastase inhibitors, it has been shown that attenuation of neutrophil elastase activity results in a pronounced diminuation in the severity of UVB or chemically-induced skin tumors (Starcher et al. J. Invest. Dermatol., 1996, 107:159-10 163).

A deficiency in alpha 1-antitrypsin has been suggested to allow proteases such as neutrophil elastase to destroy dermal elastin and, thus produce cutis laxa in Marshall's syndrome, a rare pediatric skin disease that is characterized by acquired localized neutrophilic dermatitis (Sweet's disease), followed by loss of elastic tissue in the dermis and cutis laxa (Hwang et al. Arch. Dermatol., 1995, 131(10):1175-7). Alpha 1-proteinase inhibitor, also referred to herein as alpha 1-antitrypsin, is approved by the Food and Drug Administration as a plasma product for the treatment of hereditary alpha 1-antitrypsin deficiency. Alpha 1-antitrypsin has also been disclosed for use in the treatment of atopic dermatitis (Wachter, A.M. and Lezdey, J. Annals of Allergy, 1992, 69:407-414).

Alpha 1-antitrypsin is a member of the serine protease 25 inhibitor (serpin) supergene family. Serpins are a superfamily of inhibitors involved in the mediation of a variety of biological processes essential to survival of a host. Members of the serpin family play a role in a great number of including, but 30 biological processes not limited to, inflammation, fertilization, tumor migration, neurotropism, and heat shock. The serpin with the highest naturally occurring plasma concentration is alpha 1-antitrypsin. This serpin has activity toward both tryptic and chymotryptic proteases.

It has now been found that topical application of serine proteases such as alpha 1-antitrypsin prevents photoaging and other skin damage resulting from exposure to solar, and more specifically, ultraviolet radiation.

### 5 SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

In the present invention, a new use is provided for serine proteases such as alpha 1-antitrypsin. It has now been demonstrated that topical application of alpha-1 antitrypsin protects against photoaging and other sun-damage such as sunburn and skin cancer caused by solar radiation. Accordingly, serine proteases with alpha 1-antitrypsin-like activities are believed to be useful as sunscreen agents. Compositions for use as sunscreen agents comprising serine proteases with alpha 1-antitrypsin like activities are also provided.

# DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

Profound changes take place in the superficial dermis as a result of chronic sun-exposure. The major alteration is the deposition of massive amounts of abnormal elastic material, termed solar elastosis. It has been shown that solar elastosis is accompanied by elevations in elastin and fibrillin mRNAs and elastin promoter activity.

A transgenic mouse model which contains the human elastin promoter linked to a chloramphenicol acetyltransferase (CAT) 25 reporter gene for testing compounds that may inhibit cutaneous These mice express human photodamage has been developed. tissue-specific activity in a elastin promoter Promoter activity can be developmentally regulated manner. studied in this model as a function of small increases in 30 ultraviolet radiation, demonstrating the sensitivity of the In addition, quantitative data can be obtained after only a single exposure to ultraviolet radiation. compound is applied to the skin of a transgenic mouse capable of expressing the human elastin promoter. The transgenic mouse is then exposed to solar radiation and human elastin promoter activity in the mouse is determined. The human elastin promoter activity is then compared to that in transgenic mice also exposed to an equivalent dose of solar radiation which were not treated with the test compound to determine whether or not the test compound provided protection against the solar radiation. Since elastin promoter activation is a primary event in cutaneous aging, these mice represent a mouse model of human photoaging.

Using this transgenic mouse line, the ability of alpha 1-antitrypsin to inhibit the effects of solar radiation on human elastin promoter activity was determined. antitrypsin is produced in the milk of transgenic goats. 15 Accordingly, in these experiments, 5 mice received either no treatment, 10 mice were treated with a 20 mg/ml solution of alpha 1-antitrypsin in goat's milk applied topically to the back, and 10 mice were treated with a solution of goat's milk alone applied topically to the back. A group of mice was also 20 treated with saline only. Approximately fifteen minutes after application of the goat's milk containing alpha 1-antitrypsin, goat's milk alone, or saline these mice were exposed to 20 human minimal erythema doses (MEDs) of solar simulating radiation (SSR). Following phototreatment, the backs of the 25 mice were rinsed twice with 70% isopropyl alcohol pads to remove any excess alpha 1-antitrypsin. This procedure was repeated over three consecutive days.

Mice were sacrificed and skin harvested for determination of CAT activity 24 hours after the third phototreatment. The 30 baseline CAT activity of control mice receiving neither radiation nor alpha 1-antitrypsin was standardized to a value of one. Relative increases in CAT activity were 14.4 + 3.1 (mean + S.D.) in mice treated with goat's milk alone and 4.5 + 1.0 in mice treated with goat's milk containing alpha 1- antitrypsin. Thus, topical application of the serpin alpha 1-

antitrypsin produced a 69% reduction in CAT activity. In addition, it was found that milk alone provided 12% protection as compared to the saline control animals.

Accordingly, topical application of a composition comprising alpha 1-antitrypsin or other serpins with alpha 1-antitrypsin like activities to the skin provides protection against photoaging and other sun-damage such as sunburn and skin cancer. By "other serpins with alpha 1-antitrypsin-like activities", it is meant serine protease inhibitors with similar activity toward both tryptic and chymotryptic proteases as alpha 1-antitrypsin. Such serpins include both naturally occurring serine protease inhibitors and mutants rationally engineered to have similar activities and specificity to alpha 1-antitrypsin. Methods of rationally engineering serine proteases and their inhibitors are known. See, for example, Dang et al. Nature Biotechnology, 1997, 15:146-149.

Examples of compositions comprising a serpin with alpha 1-antitrypsin like activities include, but are not limited to creams, lotions and sprays. Methods of formulating serpins 20 into creams, lotions and sprays as well as pharmaceutical additives for such formulations are well known to those skilled in the art. As will be obvious to those skilled in the art upon this disclosure, such compositions may further comprise secondary or additional sunscreens or free radical scavengers 25 such as, but not limited to, Vitamin C and Vitamin E and analogs thereof. In a preferred embodiment, a composition comprising a serpin is applied to the skin prior to exposure to the sun. However, application of these compositions subsequent to the exposure can also mitigate any damage resulting to the 30 skin from this exposure. It is believed that these compositions of the present invention will be especially useful in protecting individuals with heightened sensitivities to the sun, such as, but not limited to, individuals undergoing psoralen treatment for cancer, psoriasis and other skin 35 conditions; individuals undergoing photodynamic therapy for

skin cancer, psoriasis and other skin conditions; individuals suffering from genetic repair defects such as xeroderma pigmentosa, albinism or other conditions resulting from decreased endogenous melanin pigment.

Further, as demonstrated herein topical application of a composition comprising milk or a product derived therefrom also provides protection against photoaging and other sundamage such as sunburn and skin cancer. Accordingly, compositions such as creams, lotions and sprays which comprise milk or a product derived therefrom can also be formulated for use in protecting against photodamage and other sun-damage in normal individuals and those with a heightened sensitivity to the sun.

The following nonlimiting examples are provided to further illustrate the present invention.

### **EXAMPLES**

# Example 1: Transgenic mice expressing the human elastin promoter

A homozygous line of transgenic mice expressing the 5.220 kb human elastin promoter linked to a CAT reporter gene was used. Hsu-Wong et al., J. Biol. Chem., 1994, 269:18072-18075.

These mice express the human elastin promoter in a tissue-specific and developmentally regulated manner. Mice four or five days old were used since at this age, visible hair growth is not yet present.

# Example 2: Solar Simulating Radiation

A Multiport Solar Simulator (Solar Light Company, Philadelphia, PA) containing a xenon arc lamp filtered through a Schott WG 320 filter (Schott Glaswerke, Mainz, Germany) was used to administer solar simulating radiation (SSR). The output of the solar simulator was measured by means of a 3D UV meter (Solar Light Company) and displayed as human minimal erythema doses (MEDs). The emission spectrum of the lamp



closely simulates solar radiation reaching the earth's surface. The light guides from the solar simulator were placed in light contact with the dorsal surface of the mice, which were restrained to prevent movement while SSR was administered.

5 Unirradiated control mice were also restrained without receiving SSR.

## Example 3: CAT Assay

To measure the expression of the human elastin promoter/CAT reporter gene construct in the skin of transgenic. 10 mice and in fibroblast cultures established from these animals, CAT activity was determined. For extraction of the CAT from skin, the specimens were homogenized in 0.25 Tris-HCl, pH 7.5, using a tissue homogenizer (Brinkmann Instruments, Westbury, NY). The homogenates were centrifuged at 10,000 X q 15 for 15 minutes at 4°C and the protein concentration in the supernatant determined by a commercial protein assay kit (Bio-Rad Laboratories, Richmond, CA). Aliquots of the supernatant containing 100  $\mu$ g of protein were used for assay of CAT activity by incubation with [14C] chloramphenicol in accordance 20 with well-known procedures. The acetylated and non-acetylated forms of radioactive chloramphenicol were separated by thinlayer chromatography and CAT activity was determined by the radioactivity in the acetylated forms as a percent of the total radioactivity in each sample.

### What is Claimed:

- A method of protecting humans exposed to sunlight against photoaging, sunburn and skin cancer comprising topically applying to skin of a human a serine protease
   inhibitor in an amount effective to protect the skin against photoaging, sunburn and skin cancer.
  - 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the serine protease inhibitor is alpha 1-antitrypsin.
- 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the serine protease 10 inhibitor is applied prior to exposure of the skin to sunlight.
  - 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the serine protease inhibitor is applied subsequent to exposure of the skin to sunlight.
- 5. A method of protecting individuals with a heightened sensitivity to the sun from damage resulting from the sun comprising topically applying to the skin of an individuals with a heightened sensitivity to the sun a serine protease inhibitor prior to exposure of the individual to the sun.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein the serine protease 20 inhibitor is alpha 1-antitrypsin.
  - 7. A method of protecting humans exposed to sunlight against photoaging, sunburn and skin cancer comprising topically applying to skin of a human milk or a product derived from milk.
- 8. A pharmaceutical composition for prevention of photoaging and other sun-damage comprising a serine protease inhibitor, a second sunscreen or free radical scavenger, and a pharmaceutical additive.

- 9. The pharmaceutical composition of claim 7 wherein the serine protease inhibitor is alpha 1-antitrypsin.
- 10. A pharmaceutical composition for prevention of photoaging and other sun-damage comprising milk or a product5 derived therefrom and a pharmaceutical additive.

# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

# **PCT**

### **NOTIFICATION OF ELECTION**

(PCT Rule 61.2)

BERNSTEIN, Eric, F.

### From the INTERNATIONAL BUREAU

To:

Commissioner
US Department of Commerce
United States Patent and Trademark
Office, PCT
2011 South Clark Place Room
CP2/5C24
Arlington, VA 22202

Date of mailing (day/month/year) 19 December 2000 (19.12.00)	ETATS-UNIS D'AMERIQUE in its capacity as elected Office				
International application No. PCT/US00/04427	Applicant's or agent's file reference BERN-0032				
International filing date (day/month/year) 22 February 2000 (22.02.00)	Priority date (day/month/year) 22 February 1999 (22.02.99)				
Applicant					

1.	The designated Office is hereby notified of its election made:
	X in the demand filed with the International Preliminary Examining Authority on:
	13 September 2000 (13.09.00)
	in a notice effecting later election filed with the International Bureau on:
2.	The election X was
	was not
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!	

The International Bureau of WIPO 34, chemin des Colombettes 1211 Geneva 20, Switzerland **Authorized officer** 

F. Baechler

Telephone No.: (41-22) 338.83.38

Facsimile No.: (41-22) 740.14.35

PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

From the

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINING AUTHORITY

To: JANE MASSEY LICATA LAW OFFICES OF JANE MASSEY LICATA 66 E. MAIN STREET MARLTON, NJ 08053

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8-22-61

NOTIFICATION OF TRANSMITTAL OF INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY **EXAMINATION REPORT** 

(PCT Rule 71.1)

IMPORTANT NOTIFICATION

Date of Mailing JUN SUDI (day/month/year)

Applicant's or agent's file reference

BERN-0032

International filing date (day/month/year)

Priority Date (day/month/year)

PCT/US00/04427

22 FEBRUARY 2000

22 FEBRUARY 1999

Applicant

BERNSTEIN, ERIC F.

International application No.

- The applicant is hereby notified that this International Preliminary Examining Authority transmits herewith the international preliminary examination report and its annexes, if any, established on the international application.
- A copy of the report and its annexes, if any, is being transmitted to the International Bureau for communication to all the elected Offices.
- Where required by any of the elected Offices, the International Bureau will prepare an English translation of the report (but not of any annexes) and will transmit such translation to those Offices.

### REMINDER 4.

The applicant must enter the national phase before each elected Office by performing certain acts (filing translations and paying national fees) within 30 months from the priority date (or later in some Offices) (Article 39(1))(see also the reminder sent by the International Bureau with Form PCT/IB/301).

Where a translation of the international application must be furnished to an elected Office, that translation must contain a translation of any annexes to the international preliminary examination report. It is the applicant's responsibility to prepare and furnish such translation directly to each elected Office concerned.

For further details on the applicable time limits and requirements of the elected Offices, see Volume II of the PCT Applicant's Guide.

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/US

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Form PCT/IPEA/416 (July 1992)\*

# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

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# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference			
BERN-0032	FOR FURTHER ACTION	Preliminary	fication of Transmittal of International Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)
International application No.	International filing date (day/n	ionth/year)	Priority date (day/month/year)
PCT/US00/04427	22 FEBRUARY 2000		22 FEBRUARY 1999
International Patent Classification (IPC) IPC(7): A61K 37/00 and US Cl.: 51	or national classification and IPC 4/21		
Applicant BERNSTEIN, ERIC F.			
Examining Authority and is	transmitted to the applicant a	been prepar	red by this International Preliminary Article 36.
2. This REPORT consists of a	total of $\longrightarrow$ sheets.		
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IV Lack of unity of i			,
V X Reasoned statement citations and explan	t under Article 35(2) with regar nations supporting such stateme	rd to novelty	, inventive step or industrial applicability;
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# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US00/04427

I. B	asis of	the report		
1. With	regard (	to the elements of the international application	on:*	
X	the int	ernational application as originally fil	led	
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	contain	ned in the international application in	printed form.	
	filed to	ogether with the international applicat	tion in computer readable form.	
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4. X	The a	mendments have resulted in the cance	ellation of:	
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		the claims, Nos. NONE		
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		ement sheet containing such amendments	must be referred to under item 1 and	annexed to this report.

# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US00/04427

statement				
Novelty (N)	Claims	1-10		Y
	Claims			
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims	NONE		Y
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Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims Claims			
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# PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

# **PCT**

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

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PCT

(PCT Article 36 and Rule 70)

BERN-0032	FOR FURTHER ACTION	See Notification of Transmittal of International Preliminary Examination Report (Form PCT/IPEA/416)			
International application No.	International filing date (day/m	month/year) Priority date (day/month/year)			
PCT/US00/04427	22 FEBRUARY 2000	22 FEBRUARY 1999			
International Patent Classification (IPC) of IPC(7): A61K 37/00 and US Cl.: 514	or national classification and IPC /21	C			
Applicant BERNSTEIN, ERIC F.					
Examining Authority and is t	transmitted to the applicant a	been prepared by this International Preliminary according to Article 36.			
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3. This report contains indications	s relating to the following ite	ems:			
I X Basis of the report	<b>t</b>				
II Priority					
III Non-establishment	of report with regard to nov	velty, inventive step or industrial applicability			
IV Lack of unity of in		istry, inventive step of industrial applications			
V X Reasoned statement citations and explan	under Article 35(2) with regalations supporting such stateme	ard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;			
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VII Certain defects in th	e international application				
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Date of submission of the demand	Date o	of completion of this report			
13 SEPTEMBER 2000	14	4 MAY 2001			
Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230	Teleph	Telephone No. (703) 308-1235			



# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/US00/04427

I. B	sis of the report	
1. Witl	regard to the elements of the international application:*	
x	the international application as originally filed	
	the description:	
x	1-7	
	NONE	, as originally filed
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**Any r	placement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under iter	m 1 and annexed to this report.



# INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No. PCT/US00/04427

statement			
Novelty (N)	Claims	1-10	Y
	Claims	NONE	N
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims	NONE	Y
	Claims	1-10	
	. ·		
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims	1-10	Y
	Claims	NONE	N
nemical Abstract teaches the use of alpha-le ove reference the claimed composition and	the use thereof	does not involve an inventive step.	
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From the	. (() T.) () (   T.) (			
TO: JANE MASSEY LICATA	MINING AUTHORITY		PC	Language seems of many
LAW OFFICES OF JANE MASS 66 E. MAIN STREET MARLTON, NJ 08053	EY LICATA		WRITTEN (	
Status Docket			(PCT Ru	le 66)
4	1/5/01 ORC		· · · · · ·	
	<b>-</b> /	Date of Mailing (day/month/year)	05 M	AR 2001
Applicant's or agent's file reference			ithin ONE mor	
BERN-0032		1	om the above of	
International application No.	International filing dat	e (day/month/year)	Priority date (	day/month/year)
PCT/US00/04427	22 FEBRUARY 20	00	22 FEBRU	ARY 1999
International Patent Classification (IPC) IPC(7): A61K 37/00 and US Cl.: 5	or both national classiff 14/21	ication and IPC		•
Applicant BERNSTEIN, ERIC F.				
This written opinion is the first	(first, etc.)	drawn by this Interna	tional Prelimin	ary Examining Authority.
2. This opinion contains indications re-	lating to the following i	tems:		
I X Basis of the opinion				
II Priority				
III Non-establishment of	opinion with regard to	novelty, inventive ste	p or industrial	applicability
IV Lack of unity of inve	ention			
	under Rule 66.2(a)(ii) wations supporting such st		inventive step of	or industrial applicability;
VI Certain documents ci	ited			
VII Certain defects in the	e international application	on		
VIII Certain observations	on the international app	olication		
3. The applicant is hereby invited to r	eply to this opinion.	•	•	
	ndicated above. The app on extension., see Rule		expiration of t	hat time limit, request this
How? By submitting a wri For the form and the	tten reply, accompanied ne language of the amen	l, where appropriate, dinents, see Rules 66.	hy amendments .8 and 66.9.	, according to Rule 66.3.
For the examiner's	pportunity to submit am obligation to consider a mmunication with the ex onal preliminary examin	mendments and/or arguminer, see Rule 66.	guments, see R 6.	
The final date by which the internal examination report must be established.	tional preliminary			·

Name and mailing address of the IPEA/US Commissioner of Patents and Trademarks Box PCT Washington, D.C. 20231 Telephone No. (703) 308-1235 Facsimile No. (703) 305-3230

# WRITTEN OPINION

International application No.	
PCT/US00/04427	

I.	Basis of	the opinion		
1.	With regard	to the elements of the international a	application: *	
•		ternational application as origin		
		escription:		
	pages	1-7	•	, as originally filed
		NONE		, filed with the demand
	pages	NONE	tiled with the letter of	
	X the c	laims:		
		8-9		as originally filed
		NONE	, as amended (together with any	
		NONE		
	pages	NONE .	filed with the letter of	•
	ि the d	rawings:		·
		NONE		, as originally filed
		NONE NONE		, filed with the demand
		NONE	. filed with the letter of	
	<u> </u>			
	X the se	equence listing part of the descrip NONE	otion:	as originally filed
		NONE		, filed with the demand
	page:	NONE	, filed with the letter of	
	the la	inguage of a translation furnished inguage of publication of the in inguage of the translation furnished	this Authority in the following languageed for the purposes of international search ternational application (under Rule 48.3(b) for the purposes of international preliminary ex	(under Rule 23.1(b)).
3.		rd to any nucleotide and/or amino the basis of the sequence listing:	acid sequence disclosed in the international ap	opplication, the written opinion was
	Cont	ined in the international applica	ation in printed form.	
			application in computer readable form.	
		shed subsequently to this Autho		
		•	ority in computer readable form.	
	The		imished written sequence listing does not go	beyond the disclosure in the
	The :		ded in computer readable form is identical to t	the writen sequence listing has
1	X The	amendments have resulted in th		
	X	the description, pages NO	DNE	
	X	the claims, Nos. NO	ONE '	
	$\overline{\mathbf{x}}$	the drawings, sheets <del>/fig</del> No	ONE	
5	i. This bey	opinion has been drawn as if (some	e of) the amendments had not been made, since ited in the Supplemental Box (Rule 70.2(c)).	they have been considered to go
	* Replaceme		to the receiving Office in response to an invitation	under Anicle 14 are referred to

# WRITTEN OPINION

International application No.

PCT/US00/04427

statement	ť		
Novelty (N)	Claims	1-10	YI:
	Claims		NO
	Cl. im.	NONE	YE
Inventive Step (IS)	Claims Claims	NONE 1-10	
	Ciuini		
to to a state of the state of the	Claims	1-10	YI
Industrial Applicability (IA)	Claims	NONE	N(
Claims 1-10 lack an inventive step under PC chemical Abstract teaches the use of alpha-labove reference the claimed composition and	antitrypsin as a d the use thereof	phroprotective agent against UVA exp	osure. In view of the
NONE			
NONE			
			•
	•		
•			
-		,	
•			

### WRITTEN OPINION

International application No.

PCT/US00/04427

Supplemental Box	Sup	plei	men	tal	Box
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(To be used when the space in any of the preceding boxes is not sufficient)

Continuation of: Boxes I - VIII

Sheet 10

### TIME LIMIT:

The time limit set for response to a Written Opinion may not be extended. 37 CFR 1.484(d). Any response received after the expiration of the time limit set in the Written Opinion will not be considered in preparing the International Preliminary Examination Report.